

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY

### Product name: DOWSIL™ 795 Silicone Building Sealant White

Issue Date: 08/16/2019 Print Date: 08/17/2019

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

# **1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name: DOWSIL™ 795 Silicone Building Sealant White

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Identified uses: Adhesive, binding agents

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY 2030 DOW CENTER MIDLAND MI 48674-0000 UNITED STATES

**Customer Information Number:** 

800-258-2436 SDSQuestion@dow.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER 24-Hour Emergency Contact: CHEMTREC +1 800-424-9300

# Local Emergency Contact: 800-424-9300

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Hazard classification

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200 Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

#### Label elements

Precautionary statements Prevention Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Other hazards No data available

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Silicone elastomer

This product is a mixture.

| Component                                 | CASRN      | Concentration       |
|---|------------|---------------------|
| Diicopropovydi(othovycoptopostyl)titopoto | 27858-32-8 | >= 0.6 - <= 1.08 %  |
| Diisopropoxydi(ethoxyacetoacetyl)titanate |            |                     |
| Methanol                                  | 67-56-1    | >= 0.16 - <= 0.23 % |

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# Description of first aid measures

### General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

Skin contact: Wash off with plenty of water.

**Eye contact:** Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion: No emergency medical treatment necessary.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician:** No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

# **5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Water spray. Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known..

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Metal oxides. Formaldehyde. Carbon oxides. Silicon oxides.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health..

### Advice for firefighters

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.. Use personal protective equipment..

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

**Environmental precautions:** Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Wipe up or scrape up and contain for salvage or disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements. See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling:** Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use only with adequate ventilation. See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents. Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control parameters**

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

| Component | Regulation | Type of listing | Value   |
|-----------|------------|-----------------|---------|
| Methanol  | ACGIH      | TWA             | 200 ppm |

|             | Further information: headache:<br>eye dam: Eye damage; BEI: S<br>Index or Indices (see BEI® sec   | ubstances for which there  | is a Biological Exposure |  |
|-------------|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|--|
|             | ACGIH STEL 250 ppm  |                            |                          |  |
|             | Further information: headache: Headache; nausea: Nausea; dizziness: Dizziness;<br>eye dam: Eye damage; BEI: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure<br>Index or Indices (see BEI® section); Skin: Danger of cutaneous absorption  |                            |                          |  |
|             | OSHA Z-1  | TWA                        | 260 mg/m3 200 ppm        |  |
|             | Further information: (b): The va  | alue in mg/m3 is approxima | ate.                     |  |
|             | OSHA P0 STEL 325 mg/m3 250 ppm  |                            |                          |  |
|             | Further information: X: Skin no   | tation                     |                          |  |
|             | OSHA P0 TWA 260 mg/m3 200 ppm   |                            |                          |  |
|             | Further information: X: Skin not  | tation                     |                          |  |
| Isopropanol | ACGIH   | TWA                        | 200 ppm                  |  |
|             | Further information: CNS impair: Central Nervous System impairment; URT irr: Upper<br>Respiratory Tract irritation; eye irr: Eye irritation; BEI: Substances for which there is a<br>Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section); A4: Not classifiable as a<br>human carcinogen |                            |                          |  |
|             | ACGIH   | STEL                       | 400 ppm                  |  |
|             | Further information: CNS impair: Central Nervous System impairment; URT irr: Upper<br>Respiratory Tract irritation; eye irr: Eye irritation; BEI: Substances for which there is a<br>Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section); A4: Not classifiable as a<br>human carcinogen |                            |                          |  |
|             | OSHA Z-1  | TWA                        | 980 mg/m3 400 ppm        |  |
|             | Further information: (b): The va  | alue in mg/m3 is approxima |                          |  |
|             | OSHA P0   | TWA                        | 980 mg/m3 400 ppm        |  |
|             | OSHA P0   | STEL                       | 1,225 mg/m3 500 ppm      |  |

Although some of the components of this product may have exposure guidelines, no exposure would be expected under normal handling conditions due to the physical state of the material. The following substance(s), which have Occupational Exposure Limit(s) (OEL), may be formed during handling or processing: Isopropanol

### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

| Components  | CAS-No. | Control parameters | Biological specimen | Sampling time  | Permissible<br>concentration | Basis        |
|-------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|--|------------------------------|--------------|
| Methanol    | 67-56-1 | Methanol           | Urine               | End of<br>shift (As<br>soon as<br>possible<br>after<br>exposure<br>ceases) | 15 mg/l                      | ACGIH<br>BEI |
| Isopropanol | 67-63-0 | Acetone            | Urine               | End of<br>shift at<br>end of<br>workweek                                   | 40 mg/l                      | ACGIH<br>BEI |

#### Exposure controls

**Engineering controls:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

### Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields).

### Skin protection

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Viton. Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Natural rubber ("latex"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if handling at elevated temperatures without sufficient ventilation, use an approved air-purifying respirator.

The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Appearance

| Appearance   |   |
|--|---|
| Physical state   | paste   |
| Color  | off-white   |
| Odor   | slight  |
| Odor Threshold   | No data available   |
| рН   | Not applicable  |
| Melting point/range  | No data available   |
| Freezing point   | No data available   |
| Boiling point (760 mmHg)   | Not applicable  |
| Flash point  | Seta closed cup 91 °C (196 °F)  |
| Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate  | Not applicable  |
| = 1)   |   |
|  |   |
| Flammability (solid, gas)  | Not classified as a flammability hazard   |
| Flammability (solid, gas)<br>Lower explosion limit   | Not classified as a flammability hazard<br>No data available  |
|  |   |
| Lower explosion limit  | No data available   |
| Lower explosion limit<br>Upper explosion limit   | No data available<br>No data available  |
| Lower explosion limit<br>Upper explosion limit<br>Vapor Pressure   | No data available<br>No data available<br>Not applicable  |
| Lower explosion limit<br>Upper explosion limit<br>Vapor Pressure<br>Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)   | No data available<br>No data available<br>Not applicable<br>No data available   |
| Lower explosion limit<br>Upper explosion limit<br>Vapor Pressure<br>Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)<br>Relative Density (water = 1)<br>Water solubility<br>Partition coefficient: n-                  | No data available<br>No data available<br>Not applicable<br>No data available<br>1.52   |
| Lower explosion limit<br>Upper explosion limit<br>Vapor Pressure<br>Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)<br>Relative Density (water = 1)<br>Water solubility   | No data available<br>No data available<br>Not applicable<br>No data available<br>1.52<br>No data available                      |
| Lower explosion limit<br>Upper explosion limit<br>Vapor Pressure<br>Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)<br>Relative Density (water = 1)<br>Water solubility<br>Partition coefficient: n-                  | No data available<br>No data available<br>Not applicable<br>No data available<br>1.52<br>No data available                      |
| Lower explosion limit<br>Upper explosion limit<br>Vapor Pressure<br>Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)<br>Relative Density (water = 1)<br>Water solubility<br>Partition coefficient: n-<br>octanol/water | No data available<br>No data available<br>Not applicable<br>No data available<br>1.52<br>No data available<br>No data available |

| Dynamic Viscosity    | Not applicable   |
|----------------------|--|
| Kinematic Viscosity  | Not applicable   |
| Explosive properties | Not explosive  |
| Oxidizing properties | The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing. |
| Molecular weight     | No data available  |
| Particle size        | No data available  |

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Can react with strong oxidizing agents. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Conditions to avoid: None known.

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

#### Hazardous decomposition products:

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Formaldehyde. Benzene. Isopropanol.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

#### Acute toxicity

#### Acute oral toxicity

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s): LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg Estimated.

#### Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s): LD50, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

Brief exposure (minutes) is not likely to cause adverse effects. Vapor from heated material may cause respiratory irritation.

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on information for component(s): Prolonged exposure not likely to cause significant skin irritation. May cause drying and flaking of the skin.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on information for component(s): May cause slight temporary eye irritation. May cause mild eye discomfort.

### Sensitization

For skin sensitization: No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization: No relevant information found.

## Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Contains component(s) which are classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3.

### Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Contains a component(s) that is/are encapsulated in the product and are not expected to be released under normal processing conditions or foreseeable emergency

### Carcinogenicity

For similar material(s): Did not cause cancer in long-term animal studies which used routes of exposure considered relevant to industrial handling. Positive results have been reported in other studies using routes of exposure not relevant to industrial handling. Contains an additional component(s) that is/are encapsulated in the product and are not expected to be released under normal processing conditions or foreseeable emergency.

#### Teratogenicity

Contains component(s) which did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in lab animals.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Contains component(s) which did not interfere with reproduction in animal studies. Contains component(s) which did not interfere with fertility in animal studies.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Contains a component(s) which were negative in in vitro genetic toxicity studies. Contains component(s) which were negative in animal genetic toxicity studies.

#### Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

## COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:

#### Diisopropoxydi(ethoxyacetoacetyl)titanate Acute inhalation toxicity

For similar material(s): LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, vapour, > 198.65 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

#### **Methanol**

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

Easily attainable vapor concentrations may cause serious adverse effects, even death. At lower concentrations: May cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system depression. Symptoms may include headache, dizziness and drowsiness, progressing to incoordination and unconsciousness. Inhalation of methanol may cause effects ranging from headache, narcosis and visual impairment to metabolic acidosis, blindness, and even death. Effects may be delayed.

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, vapour, 3 mg/l

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

#### Toxicity

#### Diisopropoxydi(ethoxyacetoacetyl)titanate

### Acute toxicity to fish

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested). LC50, Rasbora heteromorpha (Harlequin fish), static test, 96 Hour, 4,200 mg/l

#### Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

LC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

#### Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

#### <u>Methanol</u>

#### Acute toxicity to fish

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested). LC50, Bluegill sunfish (Lepomis macrochirus), flow-through test, 96 Hour, 15,400 mg/l

#### Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

LC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 10,000 mg/l

### Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 96 Hour, Growth rate, 22,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

#### Toxicity to bacteria

IC50, activated sludge, 3 Hour, Respiration rates., > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 209

#### Chronic toxicity to fish

NOEC, Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish), 200 Hour, 15,800 mg/l

#### Persistence and degradability

#### Diisopropoxydi(ethoxyacetoacetyl)titanate

Biodegradability: For similar material(s): Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.
10-day Window: Pass
Biodegradation: 66 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

#### **Methanol**

**Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1.50 mg/mg

Chemical Oxygen Demand: 1.49 mg/mg Dichromate

#### **Biological oxygen demand (BOD)**

| Incubation<br>Time | BOD  |
|--------------------|------|
| 5 d                | 72 % |
| 20 d               | 79 % |

#### Photodegradation

Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis) Sensitization: OH radicals Atmospheric half-life: 8 - 18 d Method: Estimated.

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

#### Diisopropoxydi(ethoxyacetoacetyl)titanate

**Bioaccumulation:** For similar material(s): Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 0.05 **Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 3 Fish Estimated.

#### **Methanol**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). **Partition coefficient:** n-octanol/water(log Pow): -0.77 Measured **Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** < 10 Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe) Measured

# Mobility in soil

#### Diisopropoxydi(ethoxyacetoacetyl)titanate

For similar material(s): Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50). Partition coefficient (Koc): 1.53 Estimated.

#### Methanol

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50). **Partition coefficient (Koc):** 0.44 Estimated.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods:** DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other thermal destruction device. For additional information, refer to: Handling & Storage Information, MSDS Section 7 Stability & Reactivity Information, MSDS Section10 Regulatory Information, MSDS Section 15

**Treatment and disposal methods of used packaging:** Empty containers should be recycled or otherwise disposed of by an approved waste management facility. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. Do not re-use containers for any purpose.

# **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

DOT

Not regulated for transport

#### Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code

Not regulated for transport Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO): Not regulated for transport

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transportation of the material.

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312 No SARA Hazards

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

#### Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) Section 103

Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

| Components | CASRN    | RQ (RCRA Code)    |
|------------|----------|-------------------|
| Methanol   | 67-56-1  | 5000 lbs RQ       |
| Methanol   | 67-56-1  | 100 lbs RQ (F003) |
| Toluene    | 108-88-3 | 1000 lbs RQ       |
| Toluene    | 108-88-3 | 100 lbs RQ (F005) |
| Methanol   | 67-56-1  | 5000 lbs RQ       |
| Methanol   | 67-56-1  | 100 lbs RQ (F003) |

### Pennsylvania Right To Know

The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

#### Components

| Components                                  | CASRN         |
|---|---------------|
| Calcium carbonate treated with stearic acid | Not available |
| Polydimethylsiloxane hydroxy-terminated     | 70131-67-8    |
| Siloxanes and silicones, dimethyl           | 63148-62-9    |
| Amorphous fumed silica                      | 112945-52-5   |

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Methanol, Toluene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)

All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Hazard Rating System

NFPA

| Health | Flammability | Instability |
|--------|--------------|-------------|
| 0      | 1            | 0           |
|        |              |             |

HMIS

| Health | Flammability | Physical<br>Hazard |
|--------|--------------|--------------------|
| 0/     | 1            | 0                  |

#### Revision

Identification Number: 1570471 / A001 / Issue Date: 08/16/2019 / Version: 9.0 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

## Legend

| ACGIH     | USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)                             |
|-----------|---|
| ACGIH BEI | ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)                           |
| OSHA P0   | USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000       |
| OSHA Z-1  | USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air |
|           | Contaminants  |
| STEL      | Short-term exposure limit   |
| TWA       | 8-hour, time-weighted average                                       |

# Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose): MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships: MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention: PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance: PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA -Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA -Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act: SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory: TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States): UN - United Nations: UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

## Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.